### **Income Taxes**

#### **Married Filing Jointly & Surviving Spouses**

If taxable income is

Over	<b>But Not Over</b>	<b>Marginal Rate</b>
\$0	\$23,850	10%
\$23,850	\$96,950	12%
\$96,950	\$206,700	22%
\$206,700	\$394,600	24%
\$394,600	\$501,050	32%
\$501,050	\$751,600	35%
\$751,600		37%

Single (Other Than Head of Household & Surviving Spouses)

If taxable income is

Over	<b>But Not Over</b>	Marginal Rate
\$0	\$11,925	10%
\$11,925	\$48,475	12%
\$48,475	\$103,350	22%
\$103,350	\$197,300	24%
\$197,300	\$250,525	32%
\$250,525	\$626,350	35%
\$626,350		37%

#### **Married Filing Separately**

If taxable income is

Head	l of H	louse	hold
1 ICUC		IOGSC	IIOIG

If taxable income is

Over	<b>But Not Over</b>	<b>Marginal Rate</b>	Over	<b>But Not Over</b>	<b>Marginal Rate</b>
\$0	\$11,925	10%	\$0	\$17,000	10%
\$11,925	\$48,475	12%	\$17,000	\$64,850	12%
\$48,475	\$103,350	22%	\$64,850	\$103,350	22%
\$103,350	\$197,300	24%	\$103,350	\$197,300	24%
\$197,300	\$250,525	32%	\$197,300	\$250,500	32%
\$250,525	\$375,800	35%	\$250,500	\$626,350	35%
\$375,800		37%	\$626,350		37%

## **Estates, Trusts, & Kiddie Standard Deductions Tax Rates**

Over	<b>But Not Over</b>	<b>Marginal Rate</b>
\$0	\$3,150	10%
\$3,150	\$11,450	24%
\$11,450	\$15,650	35%
\$15,650		37%

Married Filing Jointly & Surviving Spouses	\$30,000
Head of Household	\$22,500
Single & Married Filing Separately	\$15,000

#### Additional (Age 65/Older or Blind)

Married Filing Jointly	Add \$1,600
Unmarried & Not Surviving Spouse	Add \$2,000

### **Gift & Estate Tax**

Unified Credit Against Estate Tax 2025 2026 and Beyond	\$13,990,000 \$6,300,000
Annual Exclusions for Gifts	\$19,000
Exclusion of gifts to a spouse who is a non-US citizen	\$190,000

## **Long-Term Capital Gains**

#### Single

Over	<b>But Not Over</b>	<b>Marginal Rate</b>
\$0	\$48,350	0%
\$48,350	\$533,400	15%
\$533,400		20%

## **Child Tax Credits**

\$2,000 per qualifying child 16 years and under, refundable up to \$1,700

\$500 per qualifying dependent other than qualifying child

Married Filing	Full Credit	Partial F Credit	Phased Out - No Credit
Jointly	\$0 - \$400,000	\$400,001 - \$440,00	0 \$440,001+
Married Filing Separately	\$0 - \$200,000	\$200,001 - \$240,00	0 \$240,001+
Head of Household	\$0 - \$200,000	\$200,001 - \$240,00	0 \$240,001+
Single	\$0 - \$200,000	\$200,001 - \$240,00	0 \$240,001+

### **Kiddie Tax Credit**

**Under Age 18 & Unearned Income** 

First (No Tax)	\$1,350
Next (Child/s Rate)	\$1,351-\$2,700
Amounts \$2,701+	See Estates and Trusts

## Married Filing Jointly

But Not Over	Marginal Rate
\$96,700	0%
\$600,050	15%
	20%
	\$96,700

## Married Filing Separately

Over	<b>But Not Over</b>	<b>Marginal Rate</b>
\$0	\$48,350	0%
\$48,350	\$300,000	15%
\$300,000	,,,,,,,,	20%

#### **Estate or Trust**

Over	<b>But Not Over</b>	<b>Marginal Rate</b>
\$0	\$3,250	0%
\$3,250	\$15,900	15%
\$15,900		20%

# Medicare (Net Investment Income Tax)

3.8% Medicare surtax paid on the lesser of net investment income from interest, dividends, annuities, royalties, rents, and gains not generated in active trade or business or Modified Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI) in excess of:

Single	\$200,000
Married Filing Jointly	\$250,000
Married Filing Separately	\$125,000

Additional 0.9% Medicare tax on wages and self-employment income in excess of the same MAGI brackets.

## 2025 Medicate Part B **Premium Rates**

Your Pay Per Person

Part B

\$185.00

If Your 2023 Income was:

**HSA Statutory Contribution Maximum** 

\$4,300

**Single** 

**Family** 

\$8,550

\$1,000

Part B Premium	Part D Surcharge	Single e	Married Filing Jointly	Catch-up Contributions (Age 55+)
\$185.00		\$106,000 or less	\$212.000 or less	
\$259.00	\$13.70	\$106,001 - \$133,000	\$212,001 - \$266,000	
\$370.00	\$35.30	\$133,001-\$167,000	\$266,001-\$334,000	
\$480.90	\$57.00	\$167,001-\$200,000	\$334,001-\$400,000	
\$591.90	\$78.60	\$200,001-\$499,999	\$400.001-\$749.999	
\$628.90	\$85.80	\$500.000+	\$750.000+	

Part D Married filing separately and your 2023 income Premium Surcharge was:

\$106,000 or less \$106,001-393,999 \$591.00 \$78.60 \$394.000+ \$85.80 \$628.90

## **FICA Wage Base**

**Social Security - 6.2%** \$176,100

**Health Savings Account** 

Medicare - 1.45% No limit

## **Retirement Plan Contribution Limits**

401(k) Roth Contribution	\$23,500
401(k)/Roth Catch up (Age 50+)	\$7,500
401(k)/Roth Catch up (Age 60-63)	\$11,250
IRA/Roth IRA Limit	\$7,000
IRA Catch Up (Age 50+)	\$1,000
SEP IRA	\$70,000

## **Social Security**

#### **Retirement Earning Limitation**

Under Full Retirement Age (\$1 for every \$2) \$23,400 During Year Reaching Full Retirement \$62,160 Age (\$1 for every \$3) After Full Retirement Age No limit

## **Social Security Taxability**

<b>Married Filing</b>	0%	50%	85%
Jointly	\$0-\$32,000	\$32,000-\$44,000	\$44,001

Single \$0-\$25,000 \$25,000-\$34,000 \$34,001

**Married Filing** Separately

All Income

### **IRAs 2025**

#### Phase-out range for deductible contributions to Traditional IRAs

Married Filing Jointly	MAGI
Both Spouses as Participants in Qualified Plan	\$126,000-\$146,000
One Spouse as Participant in Qualified Plan	\$236,000-\$246,000
Single/Head of Household	\$79,000-\$89,000
If No Spouse Participates in Qualified Plan	No MAGI limit

#### Phase-out range for deductible contributions to Traditional IRAs

Married Filing Jointly \$236,000-\$246,000 Single/Head of Household \$150,000-\$165,000

## Qualified Business Income (QBI) Deduction

Specified Service Trade or Business (SSTB)*	Full Deduction 20% of QBO	Partial Deduction: Pro- Rated Phase- Out	
Married Filing Jointly	\$0-\$394,600	\$394,601-\$494,600	\$494,601+
Married Filing Separately	\$0-\$197,300	\$197,301-\$247,300	\$247,301+
Single	\$0-\$197,300	\$197,301-\$247,300	\$247,301+
All other trades or business	Full deduction 20% of QBI	20% QBI deduction partially limited to the greater of 50% of W-2 wages or 20% of W-2 wages +2.5% of property's unadjusted basis	20% QBI deduction cannot exceed the greater of 50% of W-2 wages or 20% of W-2 wages +2.5% of property's unadjusted basis

Overall QBI deduction limited to 20% of taxpayer's taxable income, not including net capital gains. The QBI deduction is a complex calculation, subject to various limitations, phase-ins, thresholds, and exclusions.

\*Businesses in the fields of health, law, accounting, actuarial science, performing arts, consulting, athletics, financial services, dealing in securities, partnership interests, or commodities, or any business where its principal asset is the reputation or skill of one or more of its employees, except for engineering or architecture.

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